END PROJECT STA 37+58 BEGIN PROJECT / STA 0+00 To Hickory

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

PLAN FOR PROPOSED HIGHWAY EROSION CONTROL

CALDWELL COUNTY

LOCATION: SR 1848 BLUEBERRY DRIVE FROM SR 1002 DUDLEY SHOALS RD TO E.O.P. STA 0+00 TO EOP STA 37+58TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, BASE AND PAVING - 0.71 MILES

SHEET TOTAL NO. SHEETS N.C. **EC-1** 13 11C.014097 STATE PROLNO.

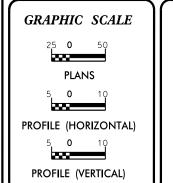
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES 1630.03 1605.01 Temporary Silt Fence Special Sediment Control Fence 1606.01 1622.01 Temporary Berms and Slope Drains Silt Basin Type B..... 1633.01 Temporary Rock Silt Check Type-A..... Temporary Rock Silt Check Type-A with Matting and Polyacrylamide (PAM) Temporary Rock Silt Check Type-B_____ Wattle / Coir Fiber Wattle_____ Wattle / Coir Fiber Wattle with Polyacrylamide (PAM)_____ Temporary Rock Sediment Dam Type-A____ Temporary Rock Sediment Dam Type-B. Rock Pipe Inlet Sediment Trap Type-A. Rock Pipe Inlet Sediment Trap Type-B___ 1635.02 1630.04 Stilling Basin _____ Special Stilling Basin 1630.06 Rock Inlet Sediment Trap: 1632.01 Type A 1632.02 Туре В..... 1632.03 Tiered Skimmer Basin Infiltration Basin______

> THIS PROJECT CONTAINS EROSION CONTROL PLANS FOR CLEARING AND GRU33ING PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Porous Baffle Spacing *Baffles in Silt Basins at drainage turnouts and all other temporary rock sediment dams-Type B: -If basin length=10' or less;1 baffle -If basin length=11' to 20';2 baffles -If basin length=20' or more;3 baffles equally spaced in basin

PERIMETER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED DURING CLEARING AND GRUBBING PHASE

Level III Cert # 3498



ROADSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL UNIT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

> THESE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS SET FORTH BY THE NCG-010000 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PERMIT EFFECTIVE AUGUST 3, 2011 ISSUED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY.

Prepared in the Office of:

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

DIVISION 11, DISTRICT 2 BOONE P.O. BOX 1460, BOONE, N.C. 28607

2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Roadway Standard Drawings

The following roadway english standards as appear in "Roadway Standard Drawings"- Roadway Design Unit - N. C. Department of Transportation - Raleigh, N. C., dated January 2012 and the latest revison thereto are applicable to this project and by reference hereby are considered a part of

1632.01 Rock Inlet Sediment Trap Type A 1632.02 Rock Inlet Sediment Trap Type 3 1604.01 Railroad Erosion Control Detail 1605.01 Temporary Silt Fence 1606.01 Special Sediment Control Fence 1632.03 Rock Inlet Sediment Trap Type C 1607.01 Gravel Construction Entrance 1633.01 Temporary Rock Silt Check Type A 1622.01 Temporary Jerms and Slope Drains 1633.02 Temporary Rock Silt Check Type 3 1630.01 Riser Basin 1634.01 Temporary Rock Sediment Dam Type 1630.02 Silt Basin Type 1630.02 Sitt Jashi Type 3 1630.03 Temporary Silt Ditch 1630.05 Silling Jasin 1630.05 Temporary Diversion 1630.06 Special Stilling Jasin Matting Installation 1635.01 Rock Pipe Inlet Sediment Trap Type A 1635.02 Rock Pipe Inlet Sediment Trap Type 3

1640.01 Coir Fiber 3affle

1645.01 Temporary Stream Crossing

EROSION CONTROL & PIPE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE TROUT BUFFER ZONE SEQUENCE GENERAL E&SC NOTES GROUND STABILIZATION CHART

Erosion Control Schedule and Notes

- 1. Generally, the order of installation of the erosion control measures will be as follows:
 - A. Temporary silt basins shall be installed before clearing and grubbing begins.
 - B. Silt fences and temporary silt ditches shall be installed after clearing and before grading.
 - C. Temporary stone ditch checks with PAM or wattles with PAM shall be installed in all disturbed areas as soon as the disturbance begins.
 - D. Final stone ditch checks or wattles shall be installed as soon as ditch line is established.
 - E. Pipe outlet and inlet protection will be done as soon as the pipe is installed.
 - F. Other permanent erosion control measures are to be implemented as soon as practical.
- 2. Temporary rock silt checks, type B will be spaced by percent grade as shown in the erosion control plan.
- 3. No. 5 stone, or equivalent, will be used in conjunction with the temporary rock silt checks in locations where water is leaving the project or entering a pipe.
- 4. All devices are to be cleaned out when half full.
- 5. Establish permanent vegetation per ground stabilization chart.

Notes:

For silt basin size see the attached erosion control plans.

PAM is to be placed on all Type A checks and wattles in the erosion control chain except for the final device in HWQ and Trout projects.

Wet Pipe Installation Schedule and Notes

- 1. Prior to installing any E&SC measures identify permit conditions and impact area limits.
- 2. Install erosion control devices.
- 3. Manage the water course. The pipe must be placed in the dry. Install dewatering measures.
- 4. Remove material and existing pipe while limiting, material and sediment from entering stream and escaping the project.
- 5. Excavation of stream channel shall not exceed 10' on either side of new pipe or culvert unless indicated on permit.
- 6. Per permit conditions for Corps of Engineers and the Wildlife Resources Commission, all pipes in streams 48" or greater must be buried 12" below streambed elevation. Pipes less than 48" must be buried with 20% of the diameter below streambed elevation.
- 7. Place the new pipe and compact backfill.
- 8. Install slope protection on the outlet and inlet ends of the pipe. Also complete installation of erosion control measures and perform maintenance as needed on existing measures.
- 9. Establish permanent vegetation per ground stabilization chart.
- 10. More information on wet pipe installation can be found in the BMP manual section 4.2 "Pipe & Culvert installation"

General Erosion Control Sequence & Notes for NC DOT Projects in Trout Buffer Zones

- 1. Prior to installing any E&SC measures identify permit conditions and impact area limits. Review trout buffer variance approval conditions for any special provisions.
- 2. All materials should be on the hand before work is commenced.
- 3. Install EC devices
- 4. Work within the buffer zone should be sequenced to minimize the length of time that disturbed areas are exposed. Stream bank stabilization, which includes the area from the edge of water to the top of bank, should be phased so that each day's work is a completed work, including provision of adequate ground cover.
- 5. Graded slopes and fills within the trout buffer zone will within 7 calendar days of completion of any phase of grading be planted or otherwise provided with temporary or permanent ground cover, devices, or structures sufficient to restrain erosion.
- 6. Graded slopes and fills within the trout buffer zone (excluding road shoulders) shall be protected with rolled erosion control product, bonded fiber matrix, or flexible growth medium after seeding.

Notes:

Silt fence backed by woven wire, with a post spacing of 6 feet, shall be used instead of standard silt fence in trout buffer zone. Special sediment control fence shall be used in areas where bedrock is encountered which prohibits the proper anchoring of fabric, and in low points of the silt fence in 3-foot sections to allow for concentrated flows.

The disturbed areas within the stream buffer shall be restored to native vegetation characteristic of an undisturbed buffer to the extent practical upon completion of construction.

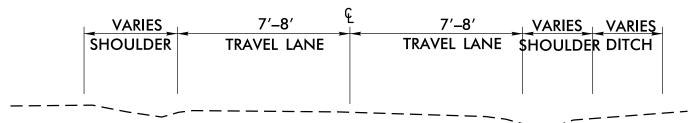
Flyrock protection such as blast mats should be provided for blasting in close proximity to streams.

PAM is to be placed on all Type A checks and wattles in the erosion control chain except for the final device in HWQ and Trout projects.

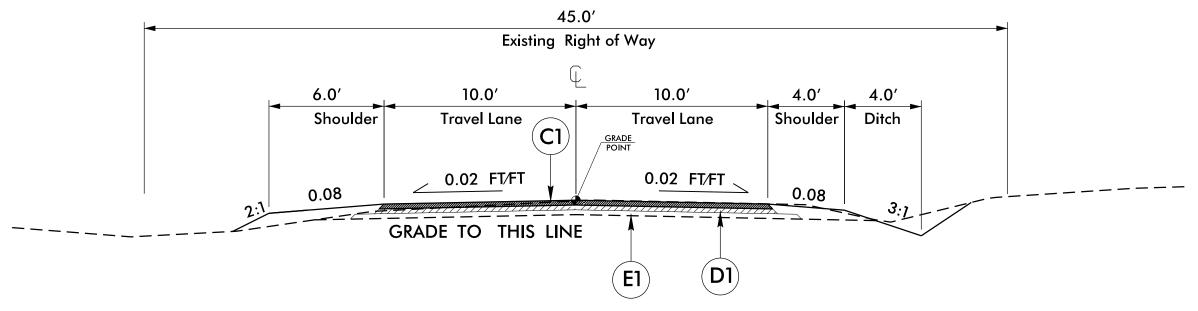
GROUND STABILIZATION CHART

Site Area Description	Stabilization Time Frame	Stabilization Time Frame Exceptions
Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches and slopes	7 days	None
High Quality Water Zones	7 days	None
Slopes steeper than 3:1	7 days	If slopes are 10 ft. or less in length and are not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are allowed
Slopes 3:1 or flatter	14 days	7 days for slopes greater than 50' in lenght
All other areas flatter than 4:1	14 days	None (except for perimeters and HQW zones)

PROJECT REFERENCE NO	SHEET NO.			
IIC . 014097	2			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	2 PAYEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER			
	l			



14'-16' EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1

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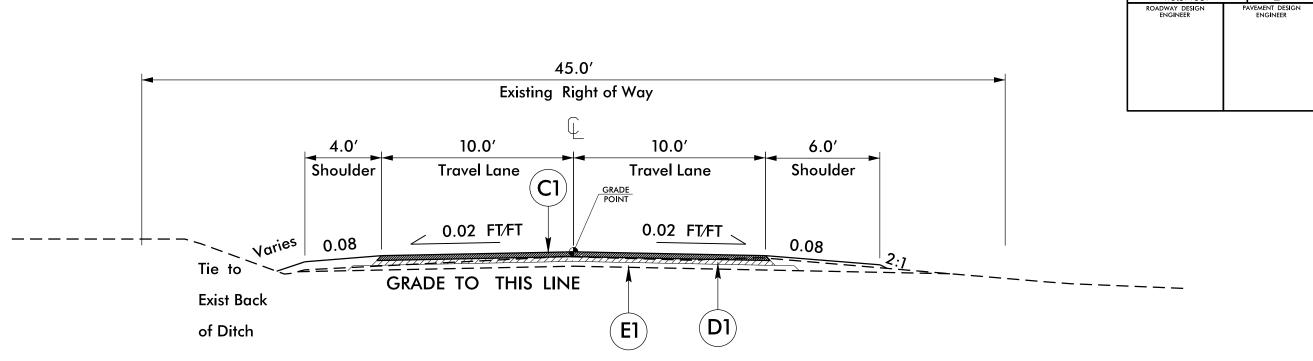
*Sta. 22 + 75 to 36 + 61

C1	PROP.	ASPHALT	SURFACE	TREATMENT	(TRIPLE	SEAL).
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- PROP. APPROX. 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 342 LBS. PER SQ. YD.
- E1 PROP. APPROX. 6" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.

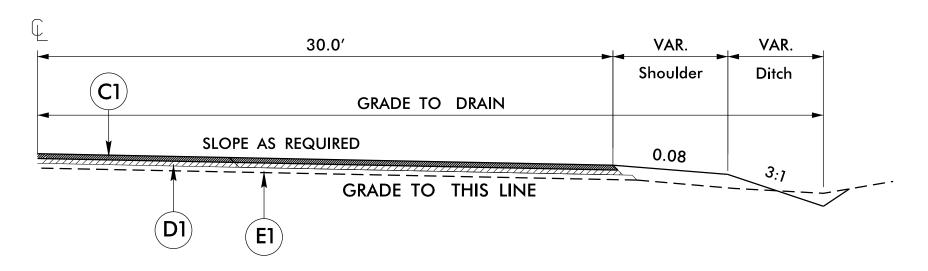
0′ 5′ CDADUC SCALE

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TYPICAL SECTION NO. 2

*Sta. 21 + 75 to 22 + 75



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 3

CUL-DE-SAC TYPICAL *Sta. 36 + 61 to 37 + 58

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	D1	PROP. APPROX. 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 342 LBS. PER SQ. YD
	C1	PROP. ASPHALT SURFACE TREATMENT (TRIPLE SEAL).

E1 | PROP. APPROX. 6" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.

O' 5'

GRAPHIC SCALE

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

PROJECT REFERENCE NO	D. SHEET NO.
IIC . 014097	EC-3
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

ESTIMATE (SY)

145

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SOIL STABILIZATION SUMMARY SHEET

MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL

PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT

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6	-レ-	16+40	14+75	LT	140	4	-レ-	7+50	3+75	
7	-レ-	16+60	20+25	LT	300	4	-レ-	7+50	3+75	
7	-レ-	21+25	24+23	LT	245	6	-レ-	13+00	7+50	
8	-レ-	24+23	27+50	LT	270	6	-レ-	14+25	7+50	
9	-レ-	34+25	35+35	LT	95					
9	-レ-	24+25	35+20	R1	655					
9	-レ-	36+75	37+35	LT	60				5 U	01
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DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

PROJECT REFERENCE NO	SHEET NO.	
IIC . 014097	EC-3B	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SOIL STABILIZATION TIMEFRAMES

SITE DESCRIPTION	STABILIZATION TIME	TIMEFRAME EXCEPTIONS
PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES AND SLOPES	7 DAYS	NONE
HIGH QUALITY WATER (HQW) ZONES	7 DAYS	NONE
SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1	7 DAYS	IF SLOPES ARE IO'OR LESS IN LENGTH AND ARE NOT STEEPER THAN 2:1, 14 DAYS ARE ALLOWED.
SLOPES 3: OR FLATTER	I4 DAYS	7 DAYS FOR SLOPES GREATER THAN 50'IN LENGTH.
ALL OTHER AREAS WITH SLOPES FLATTER THAN 4:1	I4 DAYS	NONE, EXCEPT FOR PERIMETERS AND HOW ZONES.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

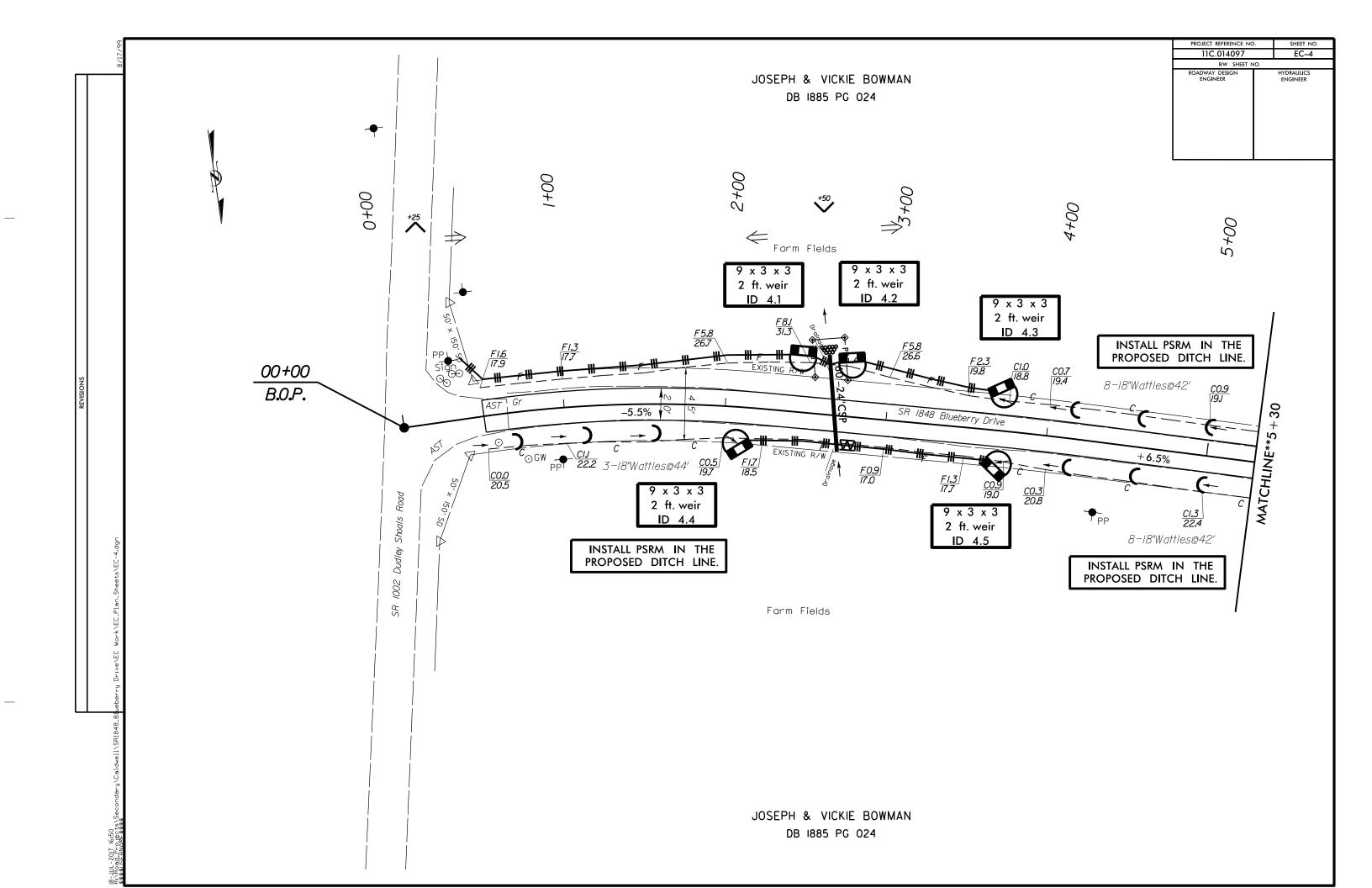
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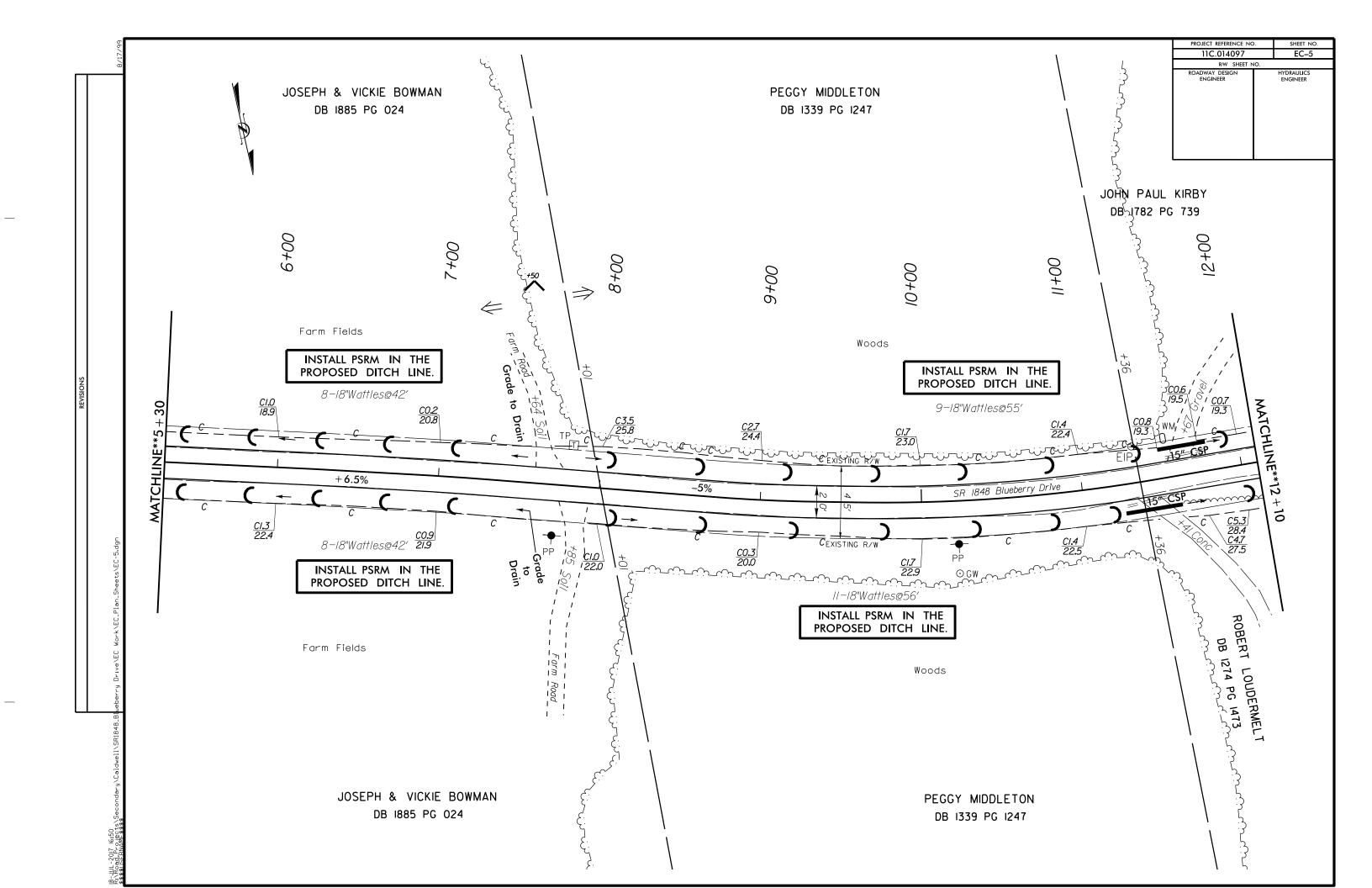
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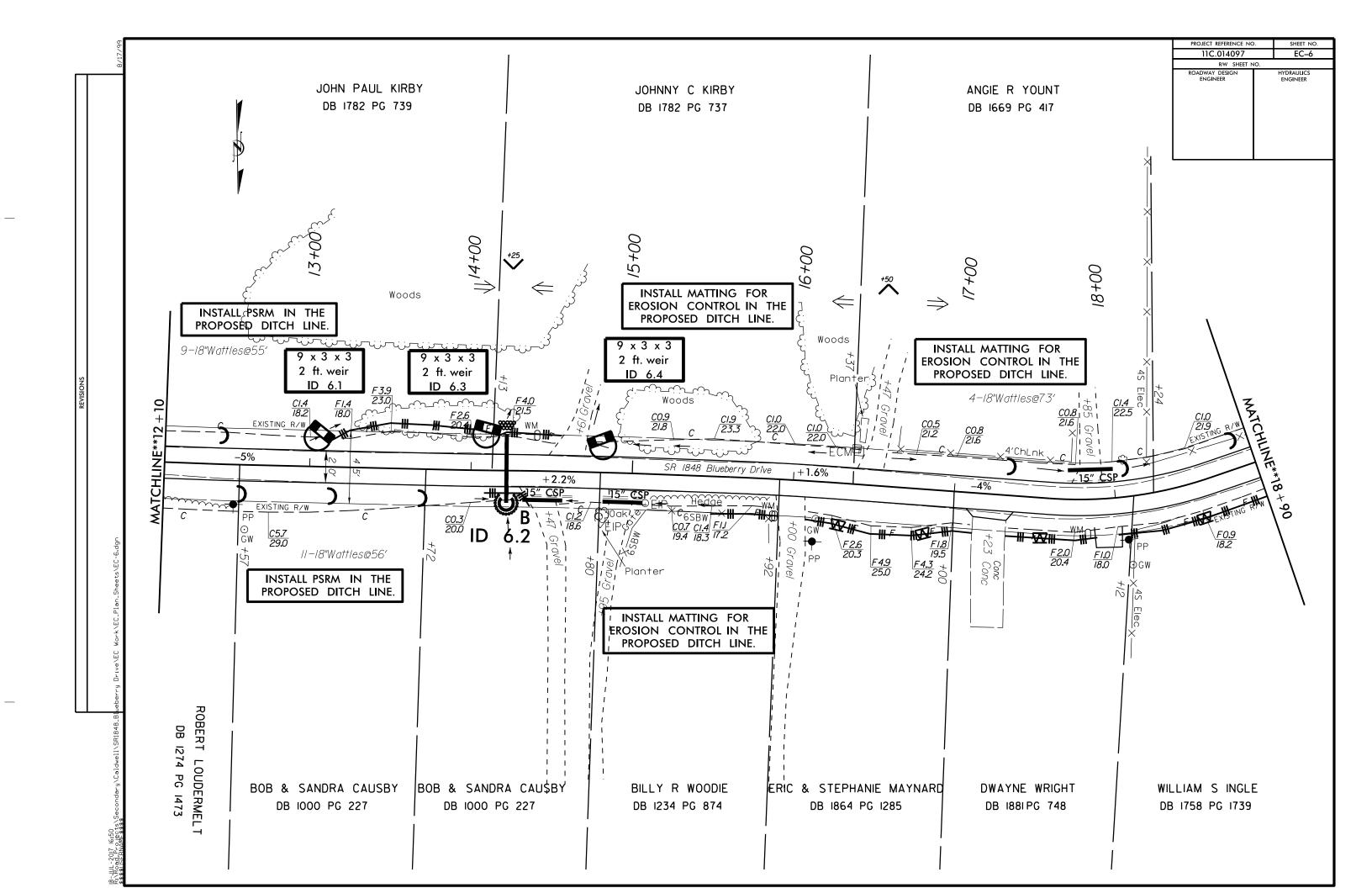
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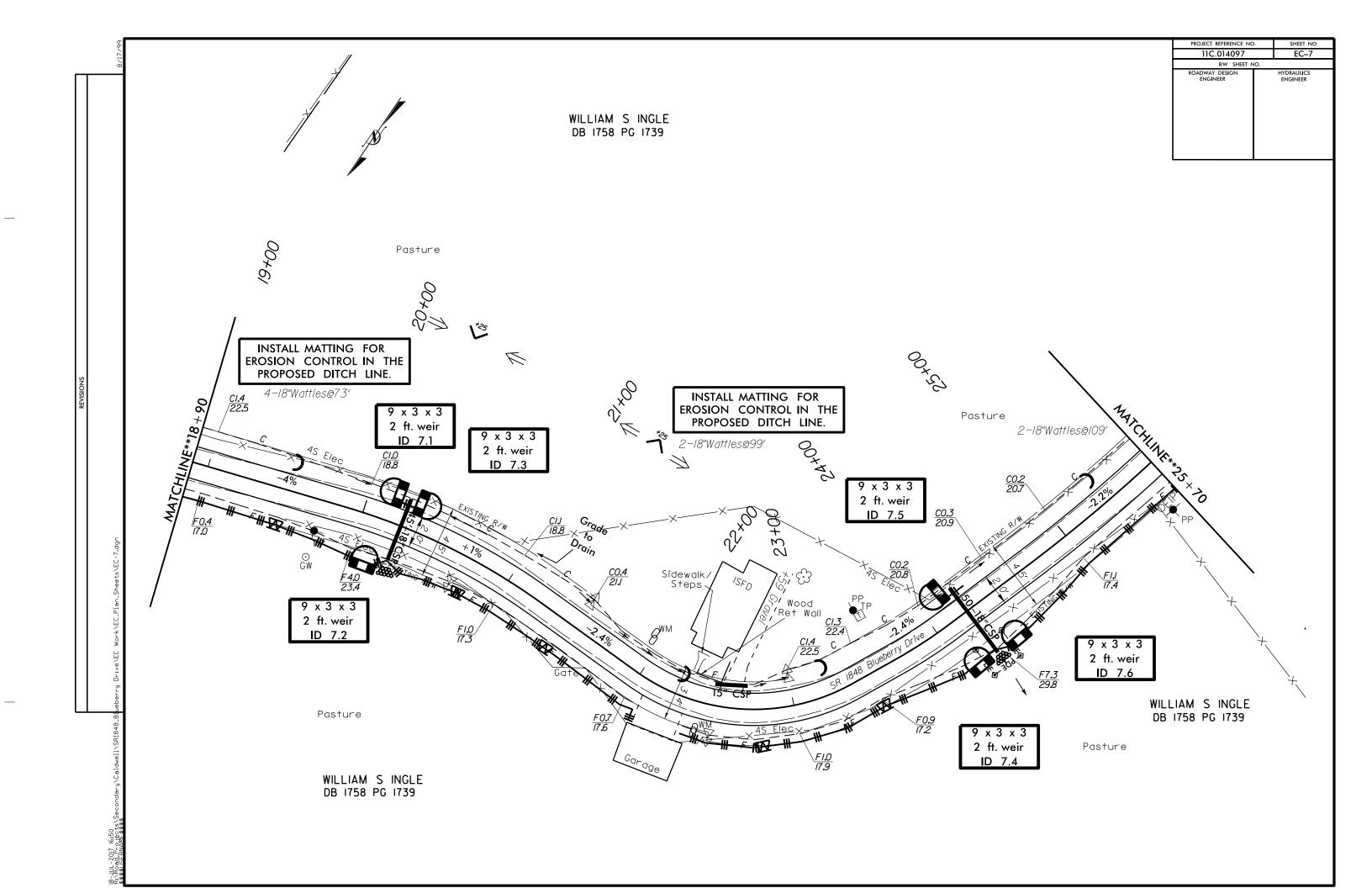
LIST OF PIPES, ENDWALLS, ETC. (FOR PIPES 48" & UNDER)

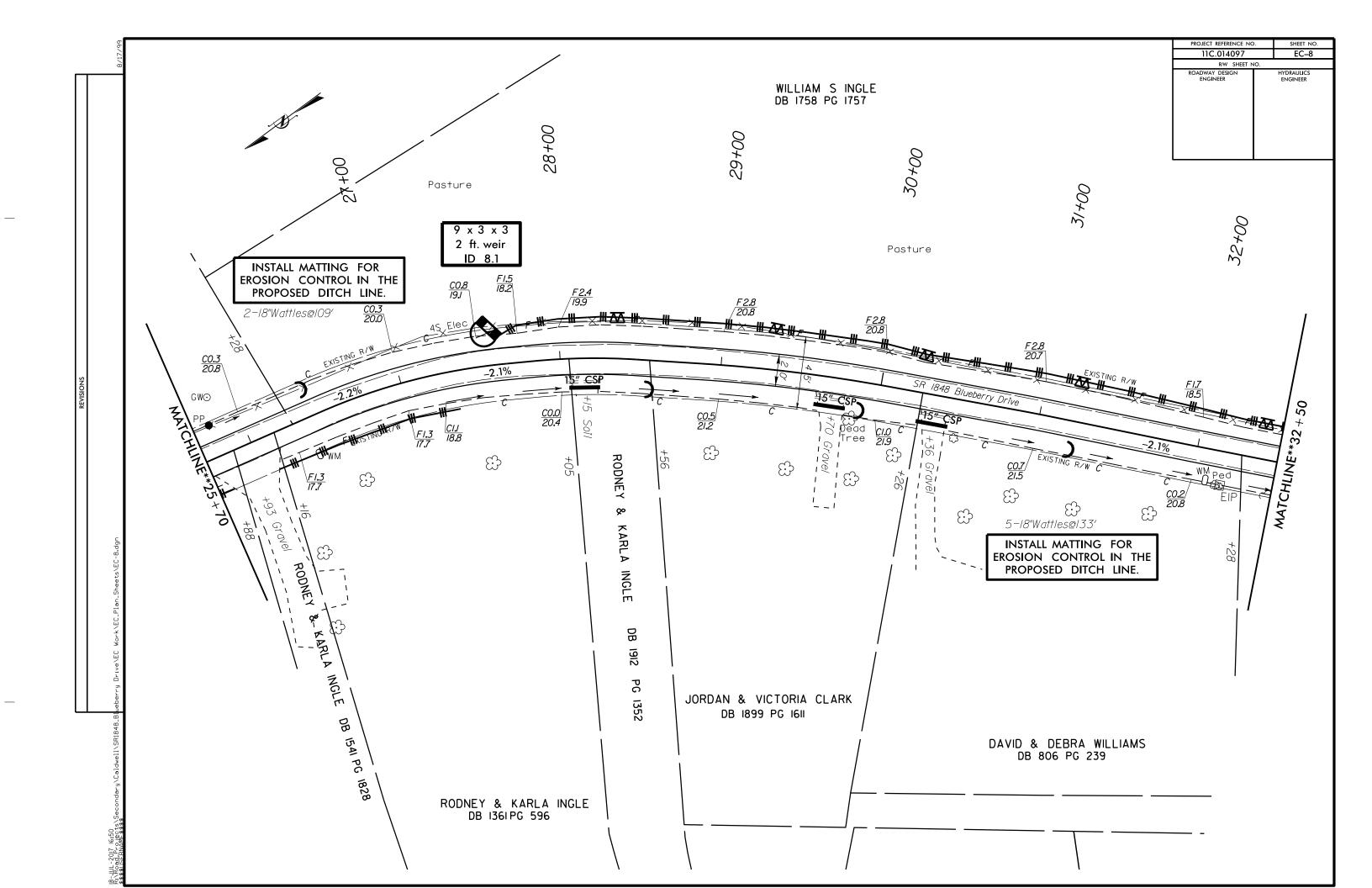
					NEW	PIPES								EXISTIN	G PIPE	S				15		2		,
				(RCP, C	DRAINA SP, CAA	AGE PIPE P, HDPE,	OR PVC)													STD. 840.1	STD. 840.		838.05	
SIZE	LOCATION (LT, RT, OR CL)	12"	15"	18"	24"	30"	36"	42"	48"		12"	15"	18"	24"	30"	36"	42"	48"	PIPE REMOVAL	DROP INLET STD. 840.14 OR STD. 840.15	D.I.FRAME AND GRATE STD. 840.16	J.B. STD. 840.31 OR 840.32	ENDWALL STD. 8 (CUBIC YARDS)	
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11+67	LT		30'									26'							26'					
14+22	CL				42'									33'					33'					
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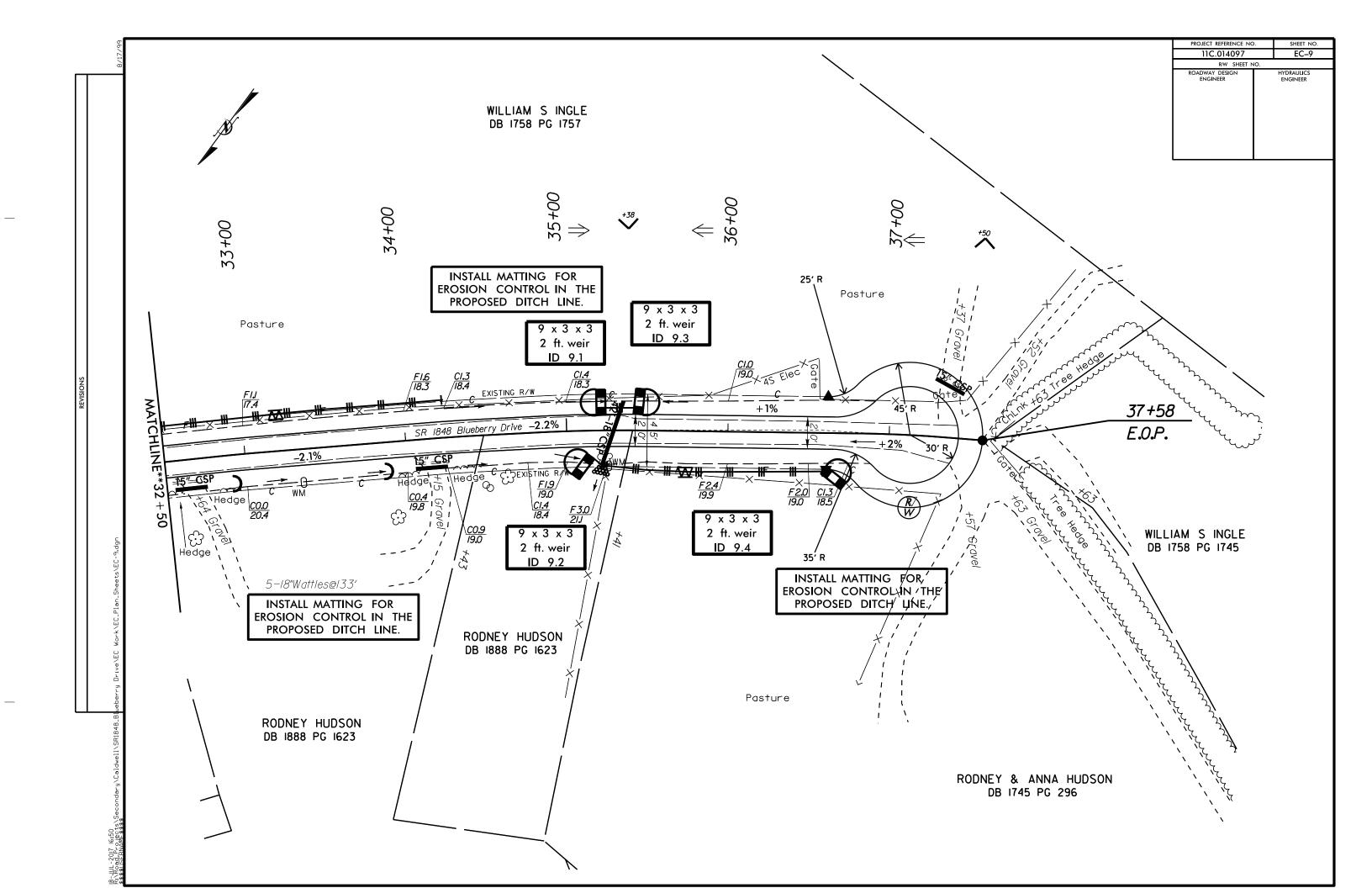


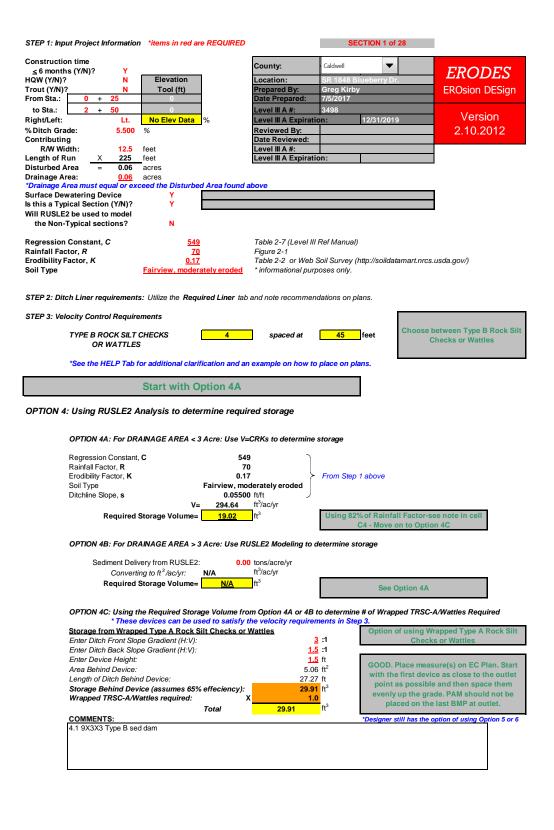












OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.06 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.06 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **116.22** ft³ Final Required Storage: **116.22** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verify Storage (π')	Too Low

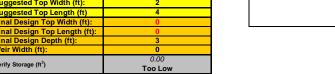
*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

9.98 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio				
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2				
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4				
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0				
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0				
Final Design Depth (ft):	3				
Weir Width (ft):	0				
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00				
verily Storage (it)	Too Low				
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*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

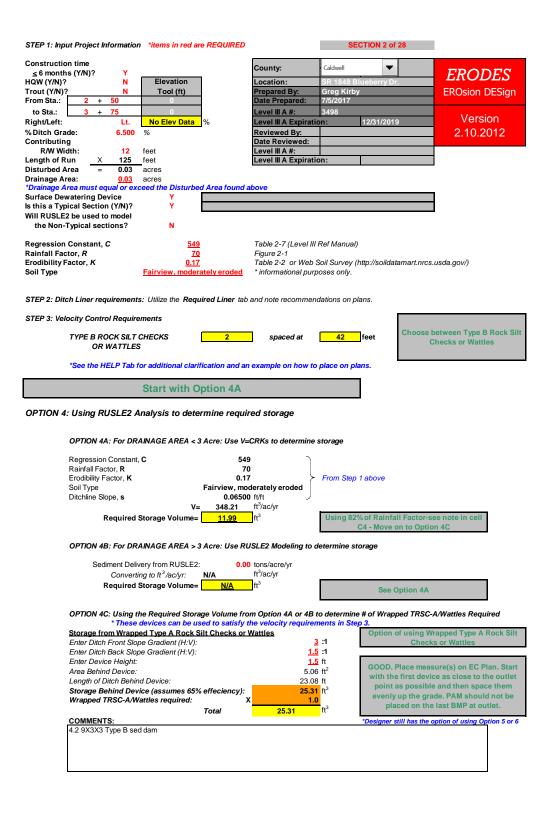
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA 0.03 acres 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 **61.98** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **61.98** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

ок

/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

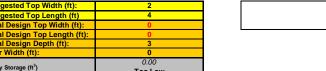
*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low
duesed by a minimum of 4 Mranna	d Time A Deals Cils Cheek or W



*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

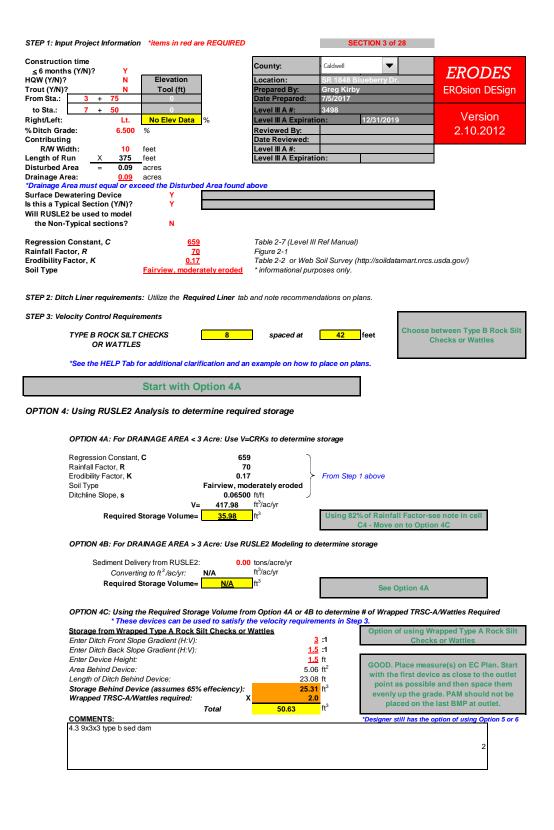
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.09** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.09 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= 154.96 ft³ **154.96** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: 10.09 ft³ Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verify Storage (π')	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

18.87 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V ' C - C (1/3)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

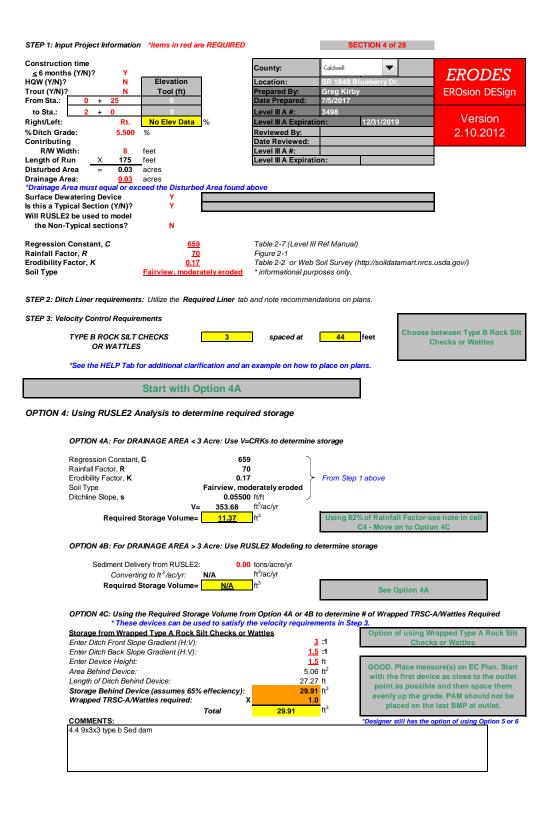
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.03 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 **57.85** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **57.85** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

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OK

/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: 5.96 ft³ Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio uggested Top Length (ft) nal Design Top Width (ft inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft):



*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

0.00

Too Low

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

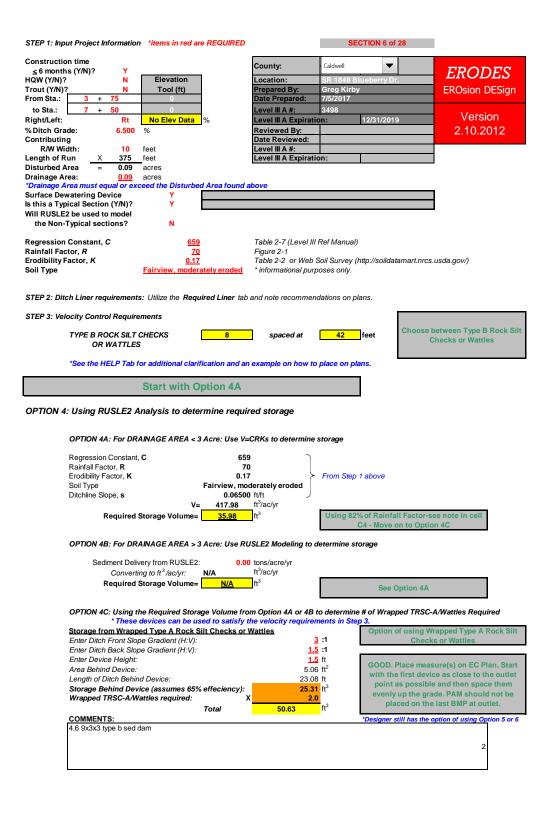
 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

Verify Storage (ft³)

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.09** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.09 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= 154.96 ft³ **154.96** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: 10.09 ft³ Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verify Storage (π')	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

18.87 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V ' C - C (1/3)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

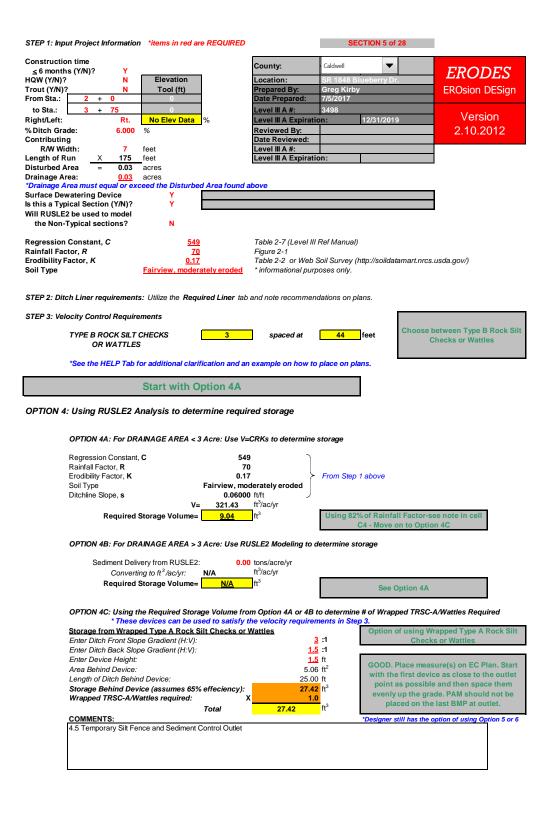
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.03 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 **50.62** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **50.62** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:**

1
^
2
0
0
3
0
0.00

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

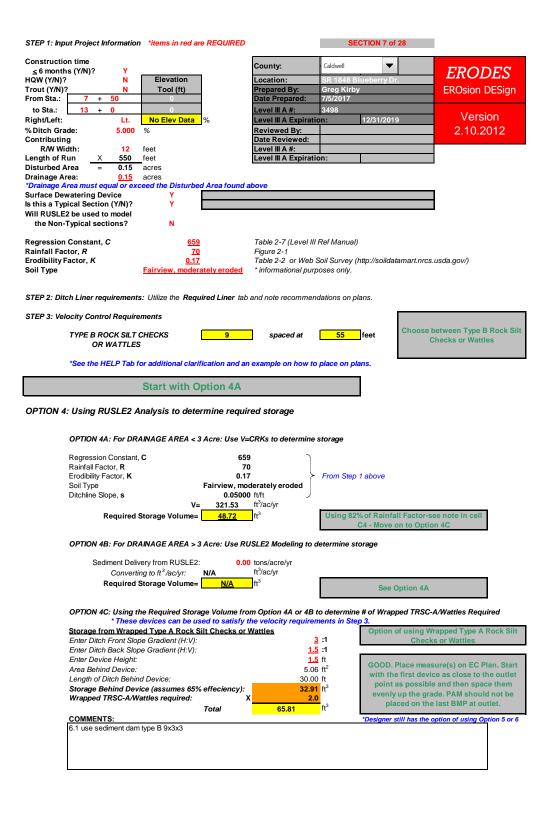
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html 0 in/hr 0.15 acres Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.15 **272.73** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **272.73** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: 13.66 ft³ Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.
Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

25.55 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	3	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	6	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
V	0.00	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low	

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

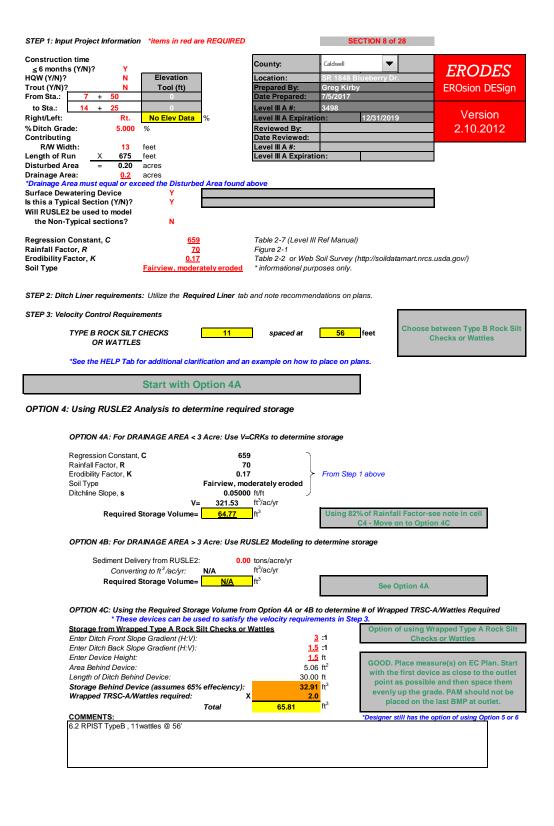
*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.2 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.20 **362.60** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **362.60** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

33.96 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio

ouggested rop matir (it).	5
Suggested Top Length (ft)	6
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low
duced by a minimum of 1 Wrappe	d Type A Rock Silt Check or W

*PAM must be intro Vattle upgrade from this outlet device.

Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

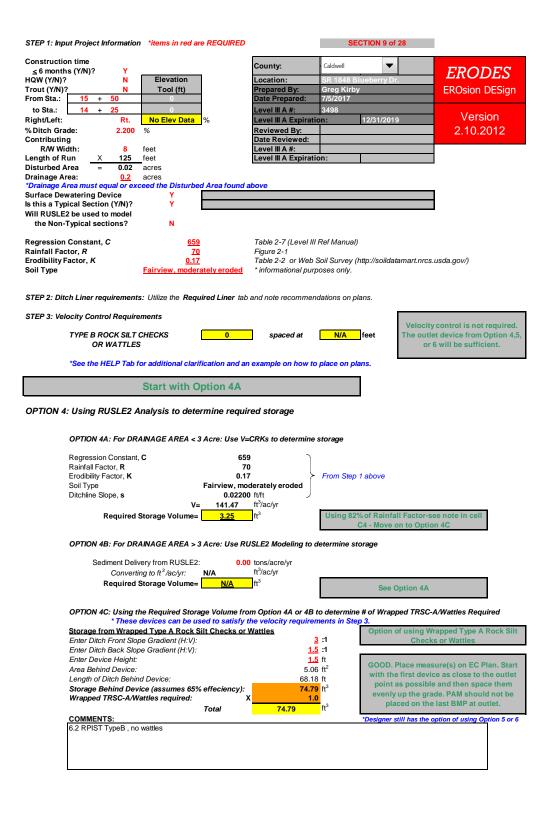
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:				



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.2 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.02 41.32 ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **41.32** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

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OK

/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low	

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

1.70 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

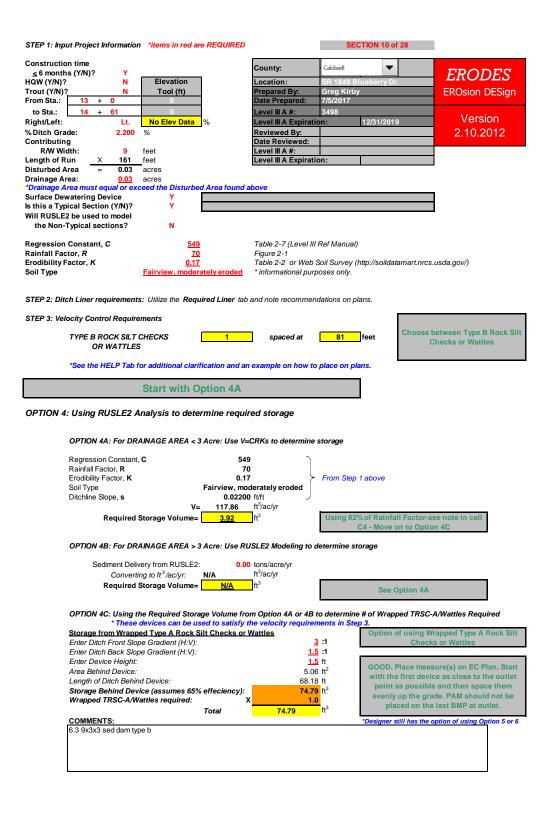
-If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.

- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:				



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA 0.03 acres 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 **59.88** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **59.88** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V (4.3)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

2.06 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** .5 :1 side slopes

1
2
L
0
0
3
0
0.00

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

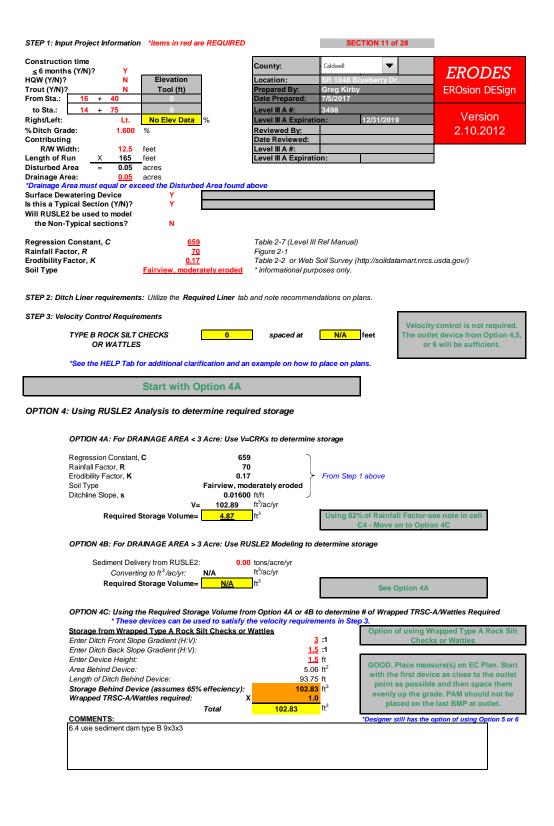
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:					



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html 0 in/hr 0.05 acres Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.05 **85.23** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **85.23** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low	

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00	
verily Storage (it)	Too Low	

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

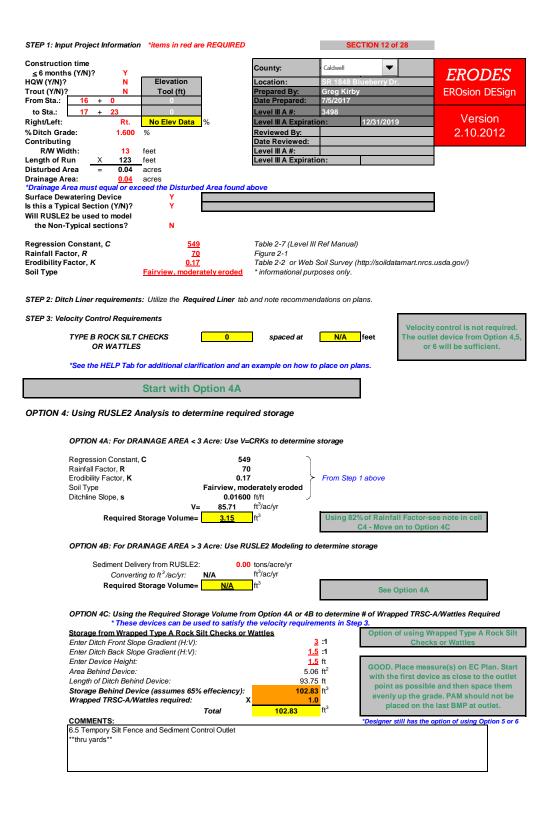
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.04 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.04 **66.07** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **66.07** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

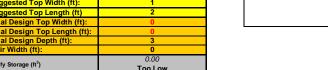
*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low
duesed by a minimum of 4 Mranna	d Time A Dook Cilk Chook or M



*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

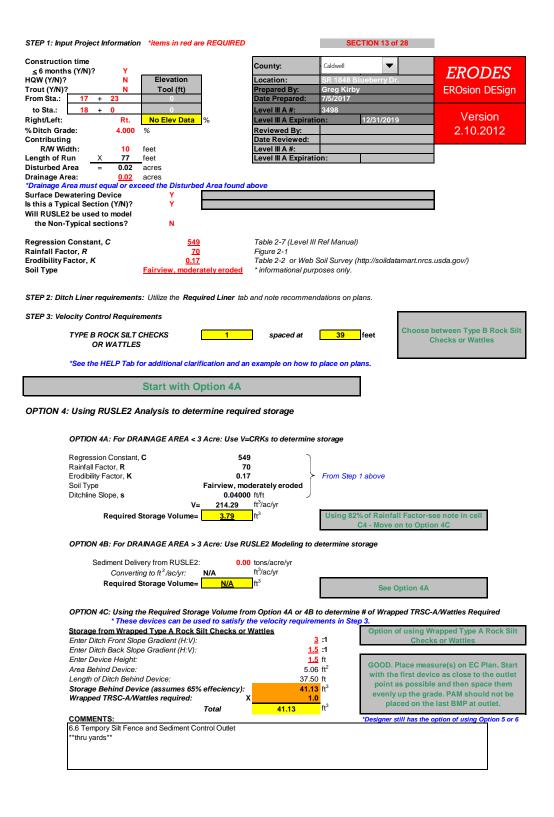
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA 0.02 acres 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.02 **31.82** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **31.82** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

1.99 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** .5 :1 side slopes

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2
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0
0
3
0
0.00

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

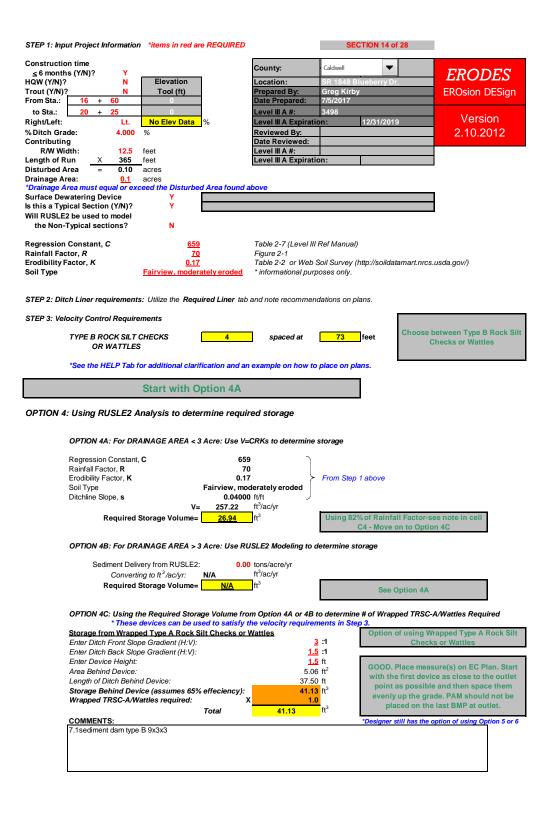
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.1 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.10 188.53 ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **188.53** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical. 81.00

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio nal Design Top Width inal Design Top Length (ft) nal Design Depth (ft) eir Width (ft): 0.00 /erify Storage (ft³) Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

14.13 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Varies Stanona (64 ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

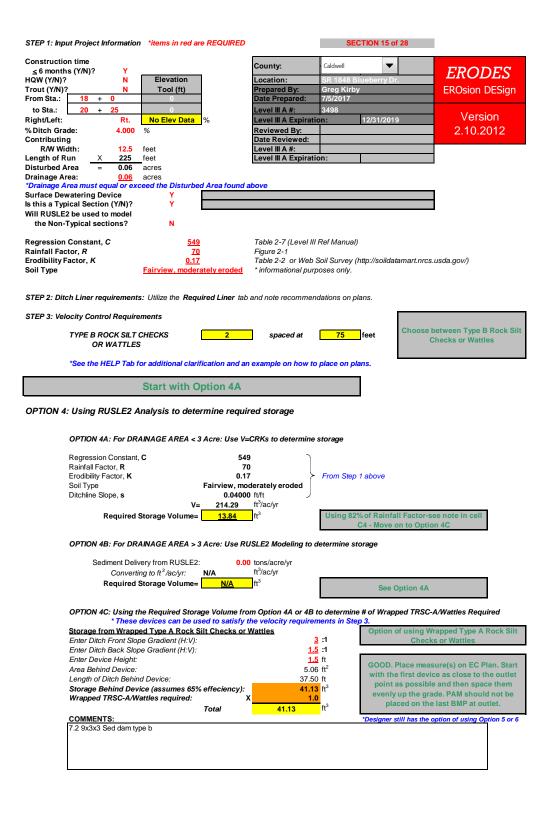
*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.

COMMENTS:		



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.06 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.06 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **116.22** ft³ Final Required Storage: **116.22** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verify Storage (π')	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V ' C - O (1/3)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low
In a set the second second set 4 Mineson	17 A.D. 1.034.01 1 10

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

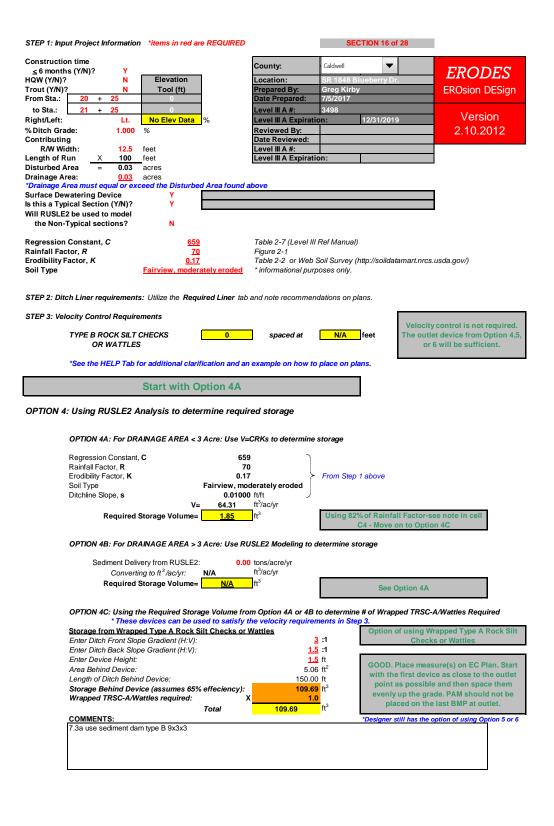
*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.03 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 **51.65** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **51.65** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V (4.3)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V** 04 (**3)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low
durand have minimum of 4 Minnes	d Town A Dool Cit Charles

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

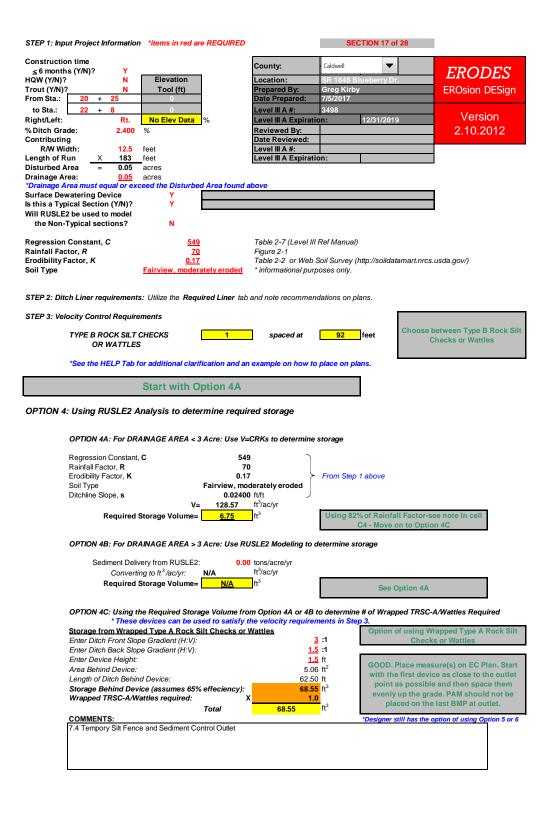
*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved. *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html 0 in/hr 0.05 acres Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.05 **94.52** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **94.52** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:**

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
	Too Low
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*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

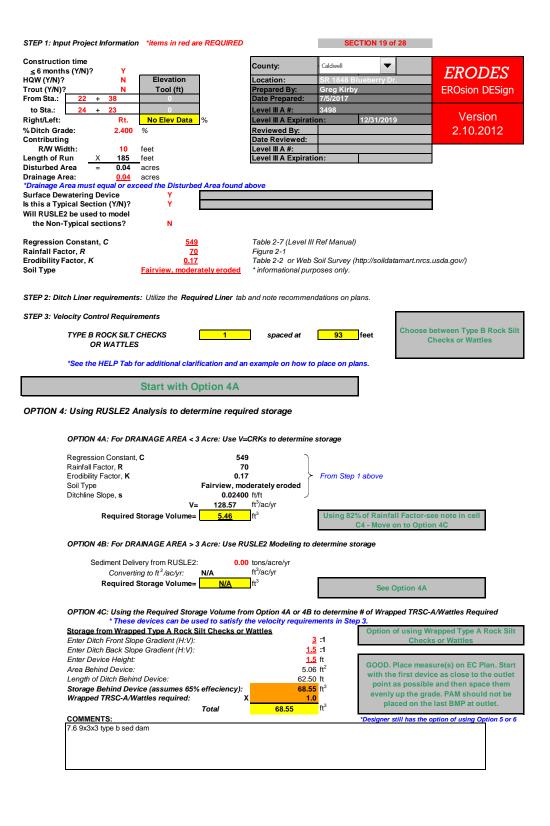
*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.

COMMENTS:	.,	3 3 3 3	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA **0.04** acres 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.04 **76.45** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **76.45** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical. 27.00

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

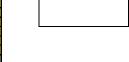
*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

2.86 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** .5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low
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*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

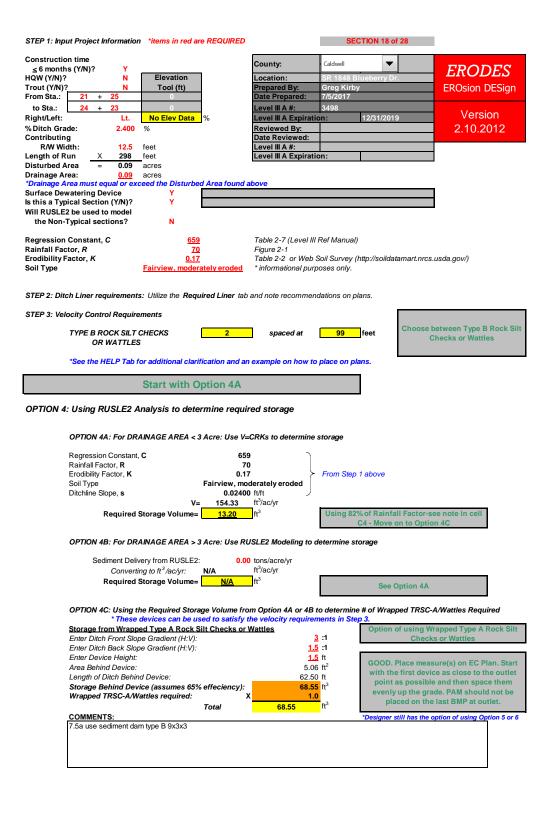
*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.09** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.09 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **153.93** ft³ Final Required Storage: **153.93** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

6.92 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00	
	Too Low	
used by a minimum of 1 Wranned Time A Book Silt Check or W		

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

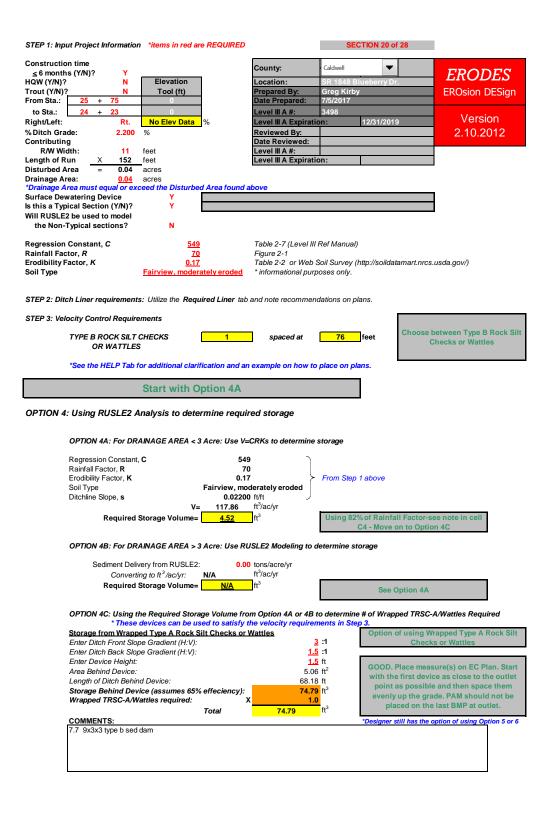
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.04** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.04 **69.09** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **69.09** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio nal Design Top Width inal Design Top Length (ft) nal Design Depth (ft) eir Width (ft): 0.00 /erify Storage (ft³) Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
V	0.00	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low	
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*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

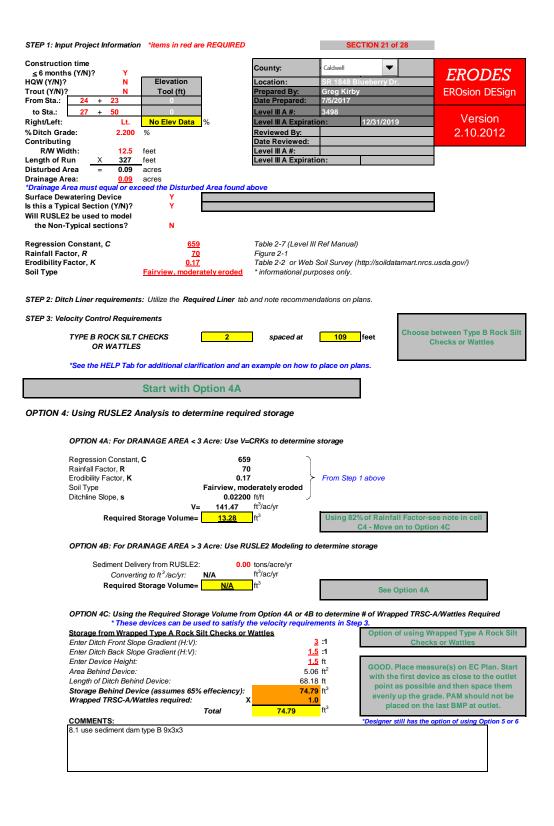
*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.09** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.09 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **168.90** ft³ Final Required Storage: **168.90** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

6.96 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

2
4
0
0
3
0
0.00
Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

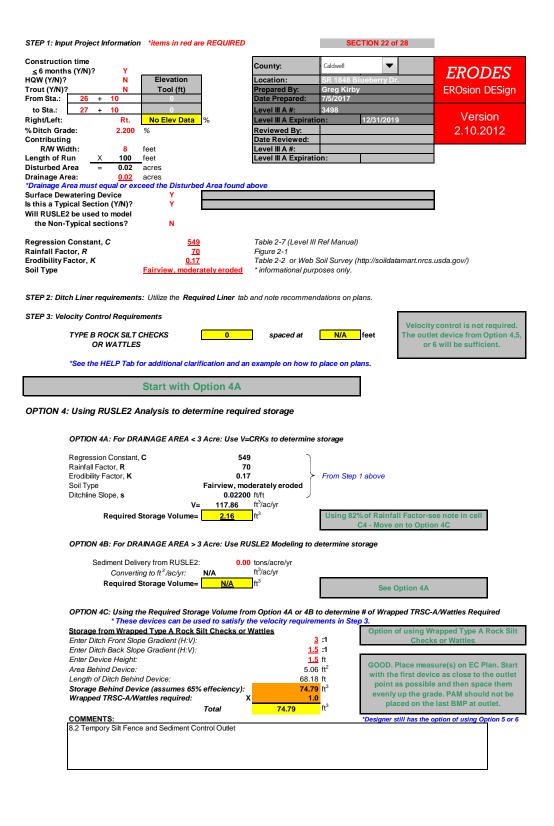
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Q_p =CiA 0.02 acres 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.02 33.06 ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **33.06** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 1.5 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

27.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:**

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
V	0.00	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low	
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*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

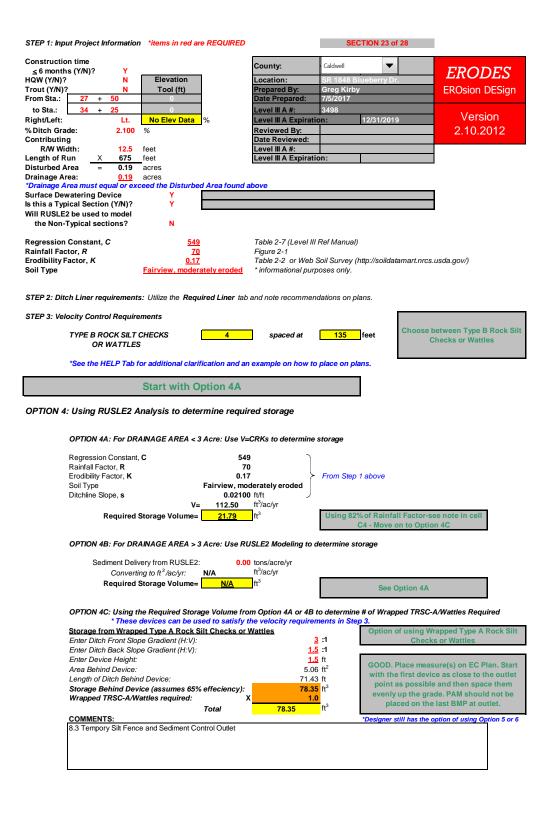
GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.19** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.19 **348.66** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **348.66** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

11.43 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 5 ·1 side slones

Ratio

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

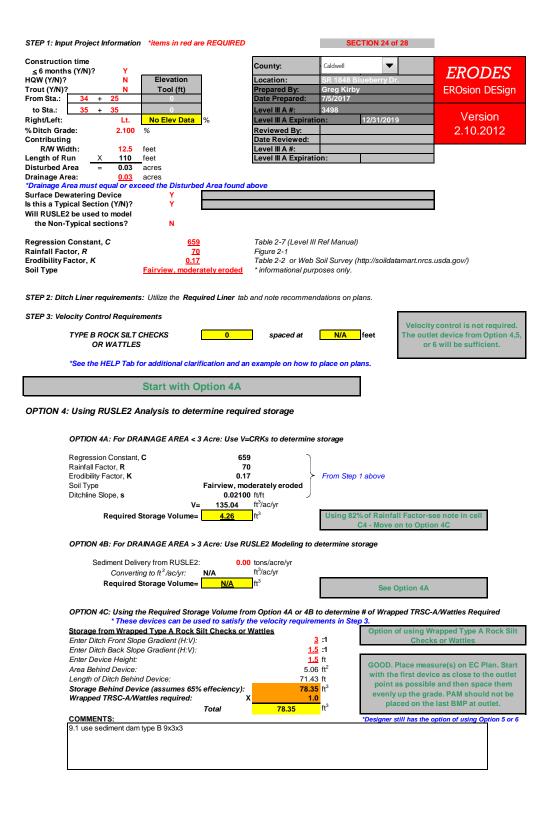
*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.

COMMENTS:		



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.03 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.03 Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **56.82** ft³ Final Required Storage: **56.82** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

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OK

/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio nal Design Top Width inal Design Top Length (ft) nal Design Depth (ft) eir Width (ft): 0.00 /erify Storage (ft³) Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:**

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
	Too Low
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required

up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet. *If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

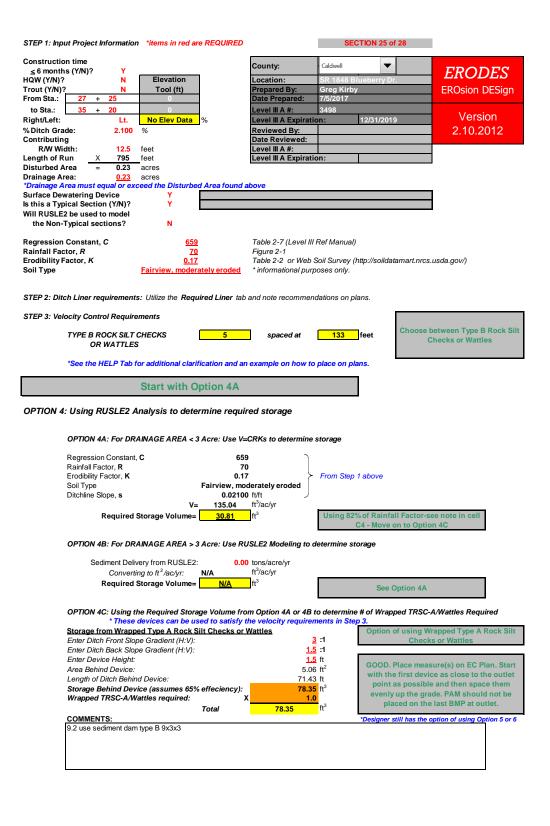
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.23** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.23 **410.64** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= **410.64** ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

16.16 ft³ 43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	2
Suggested Top Length (ft)	4
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00
verily Storage (it)	Too Low
In a set the second second set 4 Mineson	17 A.D. 1.034.01 1 10

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

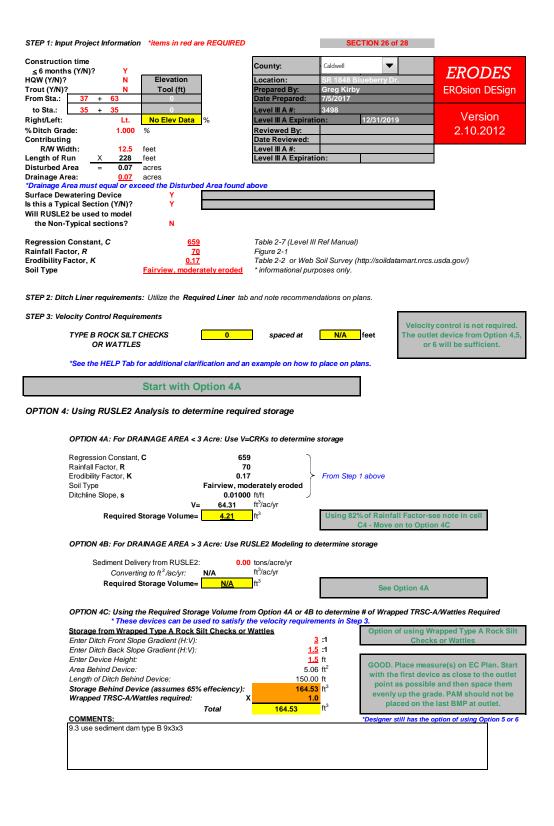
GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html 0 in/hr 0.07 acres Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) Appendix A Drainage Area given as Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.07 **117.77** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= 117.77 ft³ Final Required Storage: Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

Too Low

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:**

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Varies Stanger (43)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

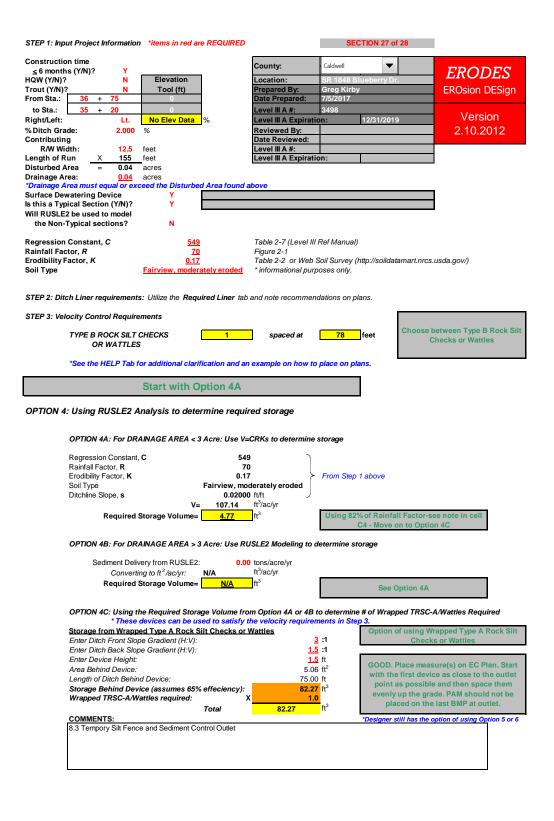
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as **0.04** acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs 0.00 ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.04 **80.06** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **80.06** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical. 81.00

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

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/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
V (4.3)	0.00
Verify Storage (ft ³)	Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** .5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00	
verily Storage (it)	Too Low	
local devia minimum of 4 Wasser of Town A Book City Charles at Manager		

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

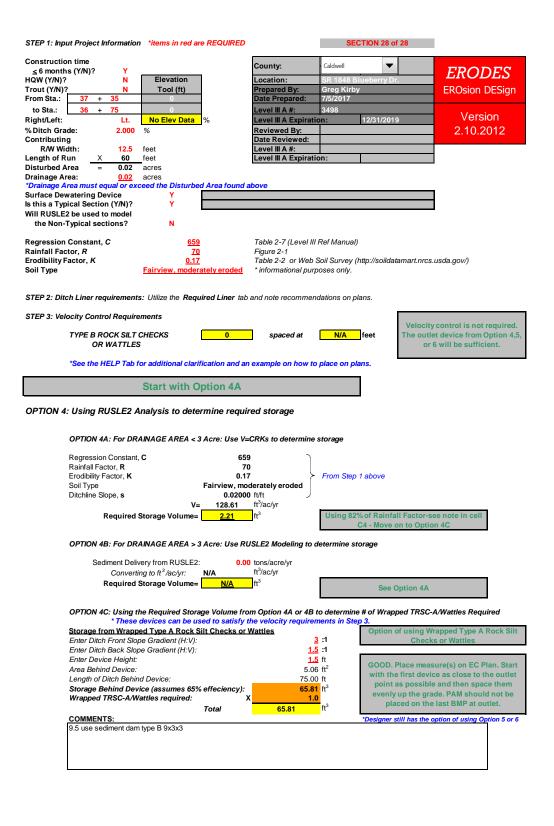
- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

*If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.

*Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.

COMMENTS:	 	



OPTION 5: IF DRAINAGE AREA > 1 Acre: Use Surface Area Calculations to determine storage, A=325Q $_p$ a. Determine the Peak Runoff Rate, $\mathbf{Q_p}(\mathbf{Q_p} = \mathbf{Q_{10}}(\mathbf{Q_{25}} \text{ for HQW or Trout)})$ USE Q10 Runoff Coefficient C 0 Table 1-4,1-5,1-6 Time of Concentration, t_c (minutes) 1 Shortcut Method, t_c (A≤4.6S) Watershed Slope, S N/A minutes See Kirpich 2 Kirpich Method Flow Path, L 0 feet *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Watershed Slope, ${\bf S}$ 0 ft/ft #DIV/0! minutes *see Module 1 Eq. 3 Kirpich, t_c= Using a Return Period (\it{T}) of 10 yrs (25 for HQW) and a \it{t}_{c} of #DIV/0! minutes, the rainfall intensity, i (in/hr), can be read from Appendix A or the NOAA website, http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/orb/nc_pfds.html Rainfall Intensity, i (in/hr) 0 in/hr Appendix A Drainage Area given as 0.02 acres Peak Rate of Runoff, Qp =CiA 0.00 cfs **0.00** ft² b. Determine the Required Surface Area= c. Use Surface Area (A) to determine required VOLUME of Temporary Type-B Sediment Dam Required VOLUME using the design depth: **0.00** ft³ d. Sediment Storage Required using 1800 ft³/ac Disturbed Area (acres)= 0.02 **30.99** ft³ Required Sediment Storage (ft3)= Final Required Storage: **30.99** ft³ Proposed Basin Side Slopes: 0.0 :1 side slopes *must be at least 1.5:1 or flatter Web Soil Survey (http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/) Infiltration Analysis Sat. Hydraulic Con. (Ksat, micro m/sec) Soil Permeability (in/hr) Dewatering Time (Days) Skimmer Basin 0.00 N/A Basin Design Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio Suggested Top Width (ft): Place Basin at outlet point. Ensure devices are used to satisfy requirements of Step 3. Install Baffles*. uggested Top Length (ft): inal Design Top Width (ft) inal Design Top Length (ft) inal Design Depth (ft): Veir Width (ft): Skimmer Size (in) See Option 6 if installing this measure is not practical.

If the device is greater than 20' in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10'-20' in length, it will require 2 baffles. If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.

81.00

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OK

/erify Storage (ft³)

^{*} Baffles are required for infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

There may be cases where the RUSLE2 Analysis (Option 4) yields an excessive number of devices to achieve storage requirements, and site constraints disallow infiltration and skimmer basin (option 5) installation. Therefore it will be necessary to utilize the option below that best fits your situation. The 60 Day Option is not available for projects involving HQW or Trout Waters.

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 23% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. This section must then be permanently stabilized within 30 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins. This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 30 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 23% of the annual total.

In this situation:

23% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): Proposed Basin Side Slopes:

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0
Final Design Depth (ft):	3
Weir Width (ft):	0
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00 Too Low

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device. Wattles are required for Trout or HQW waters

Under these circumstances it will be necessary to provide a minimum of 43% of the storage calculated using the RUSLE2 analysis (Option 4) during the Clearing and Grubbing Phase. **This section must then be permanently stabilized within 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.** This is derived from Table 2-1 of the Level III Reference Manual which indicates that for any given 60 day period in NC, the maximum amount of Rainfall Energy that can be expected is 43% of the annual total.

In this situation:

43% of RUSLE2 Required Volume: Design Depth (ft): **Proposed Basin Side Slopes:** 1.5 :1 side slopes

Silt Basin Type B	Minimum 2:1 (L:W) Ratio	
Suggested Top Width (ft):	1	
Suggested Top Length (ft)	2	
Final Design Top Width (ft):	0	
Final Design Top Length (ft):	0	
Final Design Depth (ft):	3	
Weir Width (ft):	0	
Verify Storage (ft ³)	0.00	
verily Storage (it)	Too Low	
duced by a minimum of 4 Wranned Time A Book Silt Check or W		

*PAM must be introduced by a minimum of 1 Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle upgrade from this outlet device.

*Note on the EC Plan whether the 30 or 60 day option is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

*If the project involves HQW or Trout Waters, wattles in conjunction with PAM (polyacrylamide) must be installed according to Step 3 and Option 4 above. If Step 3 does not call for velocity control, an additional wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

*If the project does not involve HQW or Trout Waters, install the Type B Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-B) or wattles according to Step 3 and the Wrapped Type A Rock Silt Checks (TRSC-A) or Wattles according to Option 4. If Option 4 only calls for 1 Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle, an additional Wrapped TRSC-A or wattle will be required up the grade to deliver the PAM during a runoff event. PAM should not be placed on the last BMP at the outlet.

- *Baffles are required for Silt Basin Type B, infiltration and skimmer basins that are located at drainage turnouts.

 -If the device is greater than 20" in length, it will require 3 baffles. If it is 10"-20" in length, it will require 2 baffles.
- -If it is less than 10', it will require 1 baffle.
- *If the Sitt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin can not be installed properly due to the steepness of the ditchline grade, recommend utilizing the Tiered Basin method to ensure sediment storage is achieved.
- *Install a Type A Rock Silt Check or Wattle in conjunction with the Silt Basin Type B, infiltration or skimmer basin.
- *Always show required device and dimensions on EC Plan per spreadsheet. If Option 6 is used, note on the plans if this site must be stabilized within 30 or 60 days from the time clearing and grubbing begins.

COMMENTS:	

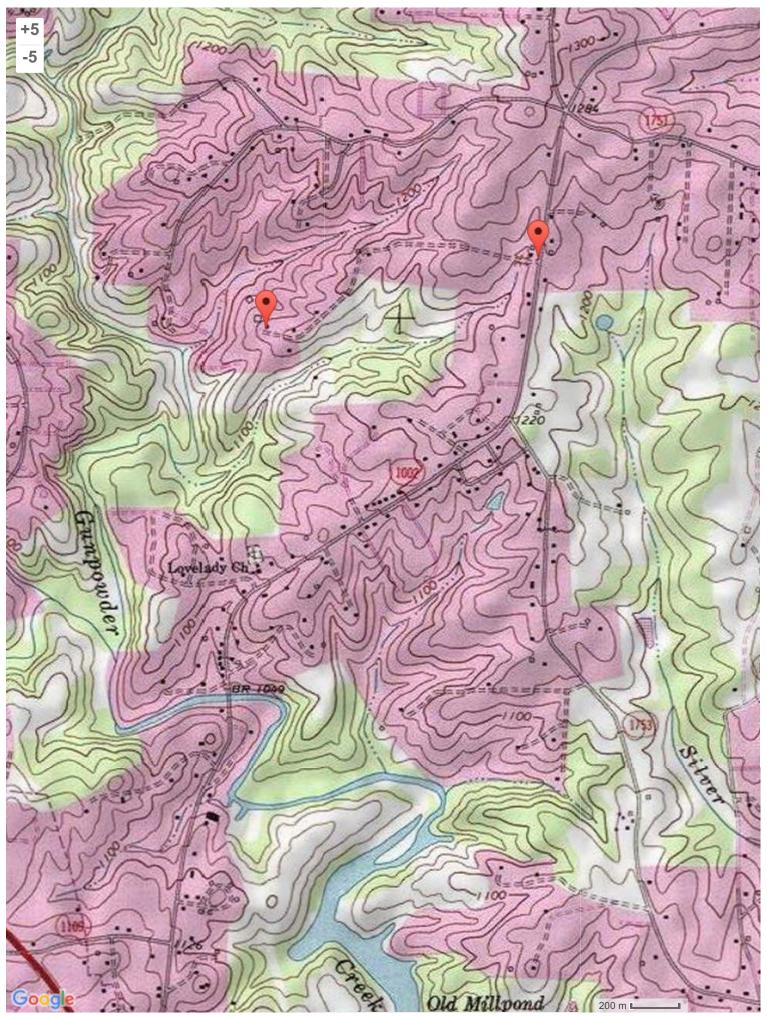
Temporary Liner (Matting) in Ditchline Calculations (English)

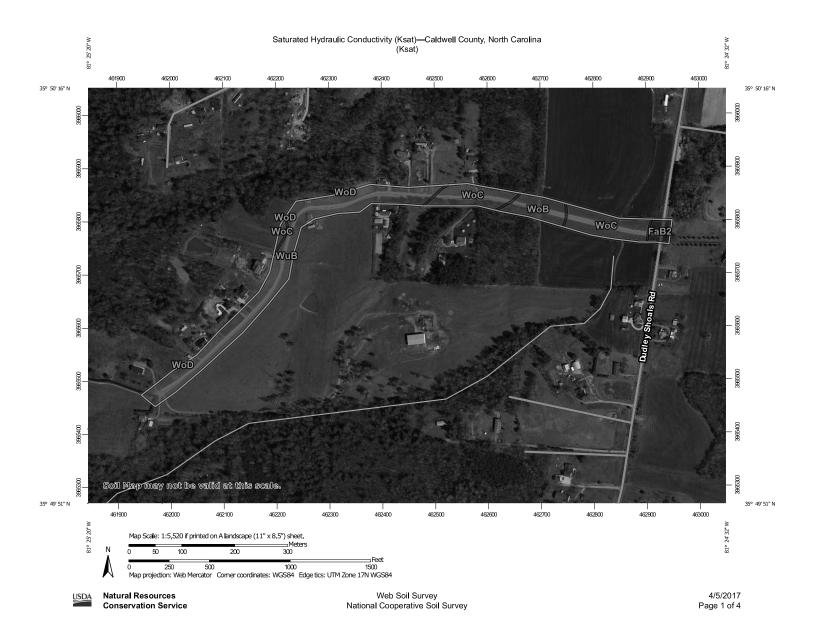
Temporary Lines (Wate	<u> </u>					311311 <i>)</i>
Construction Sheet #	4	6	7	8	9	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	4.4	6.1	7.1	8.1	9.1	
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	R	L	L	L	L	
Upper Station No.	25	1300	2025	2423	3425	
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)						
Lower Station No.	200	750	1660	2750	3535	
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)						
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	3	3	3	3	3	
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)	0	0	0	0	0	
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)	175	550	365	327	110	
Ditch Grade (%)	5.50	5.00	4.00	2.20	2.20	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	4.28	4.08	3.65	2.71	2.71	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	1.13	1.03	0.82	0.45	0.45	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	PSRM	PSRM		MATTING		None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	300	270	95	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd²)	145	455	0	0	0	0
rommaning quantity (yar)	140	100	, , ,	<u> </u>	J	Ū
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	4.3	6.2	7.3		9.2	
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	I	R	I		R	
Upper Station No.	750	1425	2125		2725	
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)		1 120	2.20		2.20	
Lower Station No.	375	750	2025		3520	
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)	0.0	100	2020		0020	
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	1.5	1.5	1.5	5155	1.5	0.00
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	3	3	3		3	
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	1.5	1.5	1.5		1.5	
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)	0	0			0	
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)	375	675	100		795	
Ditch Grade (%)	6.50	5.00	1.00	0.00	2.10	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	4.65	4.08	1.83	0.00	2.64	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	1.34	1.03	0.21	0.00	0.43	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	PSRM	PSRM	None	None	MATTING	None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	655	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd²)	310	555	0	0	0	0
F Sixivi Matting Quantity (yu)	310	555	U	U	U	U
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	4.5	6.2a	7.5		9.3	
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	4.5 R	8.2a	7.5 L		9.3 L	
Upper Station No.	750	1550			3763	
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)	750	1550	2123		3/03	
Lower Station No.	375	1425	2423		3535	
Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.)	3/5	1423	2423		3333	
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	1.5	1.5			1.5	0.33
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	3	3			3	
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	1.5	<u>3</u> 1.5			1.5	
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)	0	0			0	
	U	0	U		0	

Velocity (ft/s) 4.65 2.71 2.83 0.00 1.83 Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) 1.34 0.45 0.49 0.00 0.21	
Velocity (ft/s) 4.65 2.71 2.83 0.00 1.83 Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) 1.34 0.45 0.49 0.00 0.21	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) 1.34 0.45 0.49 0.00 0.21	0.00
IDITCH I INGT REGULTEMENT PORM I PSRMI IMA I INICI MA I INICI NONE I NONE I I	0.00
	None
Matting Quantity (yd ²) 0 105 245 0 0	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd ²) 310 0 0 0	0
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) 6.4 9.4	
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	
Upper Station No. 1640 3735	
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)	
Lower Station No. 1475 3675	
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)	
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.) 1.5 1.5	
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) 3	
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) 1.5	
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)	
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) 165 60	
	0.00
	0.00
	0.00
	None
Matting Quantity (yd ²) 0 140 0 50	0
DCDM Matting Quantity (vid²)	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd ²) 0 0 0 0	U
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd) 0 0 0 0 0	U
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	U
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	U
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No.	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No.	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33	0.33
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for V-Ditches)	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station No. Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Actual Ditch Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)	0.33
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Occupancy Occupancy	0.33
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Velocity (ft/s) Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.30	0.00
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Velocity (ft/s) Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) Outper Station Length (ft.) 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.00	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	0.00
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Velocity (ft/s) Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Mone None None None None None None None N	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 None
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Velocity (ft/s) Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²) O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Mone None None None None None None None N	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 None 0
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median) Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.) Lower Station Elevation (ft.) Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.) Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1) Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.) Ditch Grade (%) Velocity (ft/s) Ditch Liner Requirement None Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 None 0
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 None 0
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 None 0
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.) Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)	0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 None 0

L 01-1' Fl1' (61)						
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)						
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)						
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)						
Ditch Grade (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	None	None	None	None	None	None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd ²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 , 3 , 3 ,		-	-	-	-	
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)						
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)						
Upper Station No.						
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)						
Lower Station No.						
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)						
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)						
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)						
Ditch Grade (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	None	None	None	None	None	None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd²)	U	U	U	U	U	0
Construction Line (L. V. etc.)						
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)						
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)						
Upper Station No. Upper Station Elevation (ft.)						
Lower Station No.						
Lower Station No.						
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.55	0.55	0.33	0.33	0.33
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches) Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)						
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Grade (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	None	None	None	None	None	None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd ²)	0	0	0	0	0	0

	1					
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)						
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)						
Upper Station No.						
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)						
Lower Station No.						
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)						
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)						
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)						
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)						
Ditch Grade (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	None	None	None	None	None	None
Matting Quantity (yd ²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
			•			
Construction Line (-L-,-Y-,etc.)						
Left or Right (LT.,RT.,Median)						
Upper Station No.						
Upper Station Elevation (ft.)						
Lower Station No.						
Lower Station Elevation (ft.)						
Design Ditch Flow Depth (ft.)	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33
Actual Ditch Depth (ft.)						
Frontslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Backslope Grade (i.e. 2 for 2:1)						
Base Width (ft., 0 for V-Ditches)						
Measured Ditchline Length (ft.)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Grade (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Velocity (ft/s)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shear Stress in Ditch (lb/ft²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ditch Liner Requirement	None	None	None	None	None	None
Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSRM Matting Quantity (yd²)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Matting Quantity (yd²) =	0	245	545	270	800	0
Total Matting Quantity (yd) =	U	245	040	270	000	U
Total Ditchline Matting Quantity =	1860.00	yd²				
Total PSRM Quantity (yd²) =	765	1010	0	0	0	0
Total Ditchline PSRM Quantity =	1775.00	yd²				





MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) 1:12,000. Area of Interest (AOI) Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soil Rating Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause <= 8.6066 misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil > 8.6066 and <= 9.0000 line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Not rated or not available scale. Soil Rating Lines Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map <= 8.6066 > 8.6066 and <= 9.0000 Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Points Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator <= 8.6066 projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the > 8.6066 and <= 9.0000 Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Not rated or not available П accurate calculations of distance or area are required. Water Features This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as Streams and Canals of the version date(s) listed below. Transportation Soil Survey Area: Caldwell County, North Carolina ---Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 19, 2016 Interstate Highways Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. **US** Routes Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 22, 2010—Apr Major Roads Local Roads The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were Background compiled and digitized probably differs from the background Aerial Photography imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)— Summary by Map Unit — Caldwell County, North Carolina (NC027)								
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (micrometers per second)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
FaB2	Fairview sandy clay loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, moderately eroded	9.0000	0.4	4.0%				
WoB	Woolwine-Fairview complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes	8.6066	1.1	10.4%				
WoC	Woolwine-Fairview complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	8.6066	3.3	29.9%				
WoD	Woolwine-Fairview complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes	8.6066	0.0	0.0%				
WuB	Woolwine-Fairview- Urban land complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes	8.6066	6.1	55.6%				
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		11.0	100.0%				

Description

Saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat) refers to the ease with which pores in a saturated soil transmit water. The estimates are expressed in terms of micrometers per second. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

For each soil layer, this attribute is actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range of this attribute for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value of this attribute for the component. For this soil property, only the representative value is used.

The numeric Ksat values have been grouped according to standard Ksat class limits.

Rating Options

Units of Measure: micrometers per second Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Fastest

Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Layer Options (Horizon Aggregation Method): Depth Range (Weighted Average)

Top Depth: 12
Bottom Depth: 36

Units of Measure: Inches

RUSLE2 Related Attributes

This report summarizes those soil attributes used by the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation Version 2 (RUSLE2) for the map units in the selected area. The report includes the map unit symbol, the component name, and the percent of the component in the map unit. Soil property data for each map unit component include the hydrologic soil group, erosion factors Kf for the surface horizon, erosion factor T, and the representative percentage of sand, silt, and clay in the mineral surface horizon. Missing surface data may indicate the presence of an organic surface layer.

Report—RUSLE2 Related Attributes

Soil properties and interpretations for erosion runoff calculations. The surface mineral horizon properties are displayed. Organic surface horizons are not displayed.

RUSLE2 Related Attributes–Caldwell County, North Carolina								
Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Slope	Hydrologic group	Kf	T factor	Representative value		
	map unit	length (ft)				% Sand	% Silt	% Clay
FaB2—Fairview sandy clay loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, moderately eroded								
Fairview, moderately eroded	88	161	В	.17	5	58.0	16.0	26.0
WoB—Woolwine-Fairview complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes								
Woolwine	45	_	С	.28	3	44.8	41.2	14.0
Fairview, moderately eroded	40	_	В	.15	5	55.1	17.4	27.5
WoC—Woolwine-Fairview complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes								
Woolwine	45	_	С	.28	3	44.8	41.2	14.0
Fairview, moderately eroded	40	_	В	.15	5	55.1	17.4	27.5
WoD—Woolwine-Fairview complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes								
Woolwine	55	_	С	.28	3	44.8	41.2	14.0
Fairview, moderately eroded	25	_	В	.15	5	55.1	17.4	27.5
WuB—Woolwine-Fairview- Urban land complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes								
Woolwine	35	_	С	.28	3	44.8	41.2	14.0
Fairview, moderately eroded	30	_	В	.15	5	55.1	17.4	27.5

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Caldwell County, North Carolina Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 19, 2016